

# Fly Tying By Jan Nemec

## Stone Tumbler - Yellow

### STONE TUMBLER, YELLOW - YELLOW #4-10

**Hook:** 8A03

**Bead:** Gold (#4, #6 3/16 Brass)(#8, #10 5/32 Brass)

**Thread:** Cream 3/0

**Weight:** (#4, #6 15 wraps .020)(#8, #10 15 wraps .015)

**Rear Dubbing Ball:** 25% Blended SST Dubbing (Cream, White, Yellow), 75% Pale Cream Hare's Dubbing

**Tail:** 2 Pale Cream/Sulphur Turkey Biot

**Abdomen:** 25% Blended SST Dubbing (Cream, White, Yellow), 75% Pale Cream Hare's Dubbing

**Rib:** Gold Wire (#4, #6 Medium Wire)(#8, #10 Brassie Wire)

**Rear Shellback Over Abdomen:** 2 Pale Cream/Sulphur Turkey Biot

**Thorax:** Blended SST Dubbing (Cream, White, Yellow) with Tan Senyo's Wiggle Dub added very sparse

**Wing pads/Front Wing case:** Light Mottled Thin Skin Cut into strips and trimmed to form wing pads

**Legs:** Yellow and Black Barred Super Floss - rear two on each side tied to curve towards the tail, front legs should curve forward.

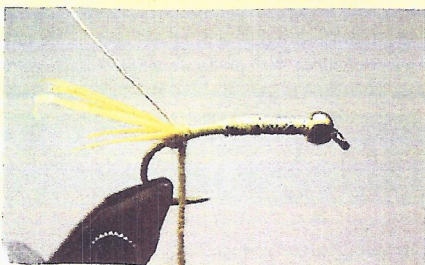
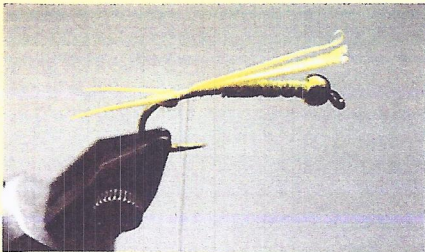
**Antenna:** 2 Pale Cream/Sulphur Turkey Biot

**Collar:** 25% Blended SST Dubbing (Cream, White, Yellow), 75% Pale Cream Hare's Dubbing

### Tying Instructions

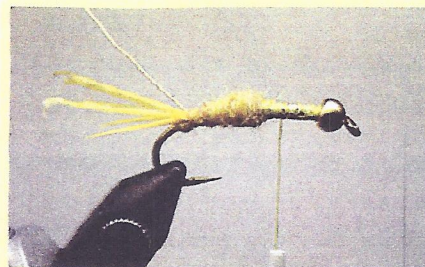
**Photo 1:**

1. Wrap lead and secure under bead with thread.
2. Apply small and sparse dubbing ball at rear of hook just above hook barb.
3. Turkey biots are tied down to extend 1/2 of total length of body for a split tail. The biots should curve down same as a prince nymph. Biot tags are not trimmed.



**Photo 2:**

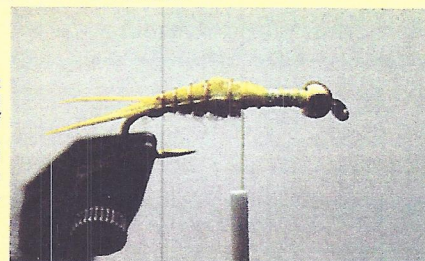
1. Turkey biot tags are folded back towards tail and secured on top of shank.
2. Wire for ribbing is secured.
3. Dubbing is applied for abdomen.



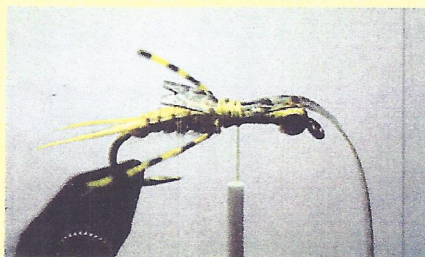
**Photo 3:**

1. Abdomen is dubbed 1/2 of total length of body tapered larger towards thorax.

1. Biot tags are pulled forward over top half of abdomen and secured.
2. Wire is wrapped forward with 4-5 turns over abdomen.

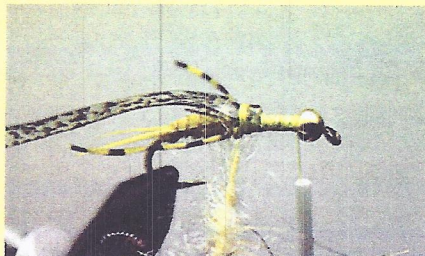


**Photo 4:**



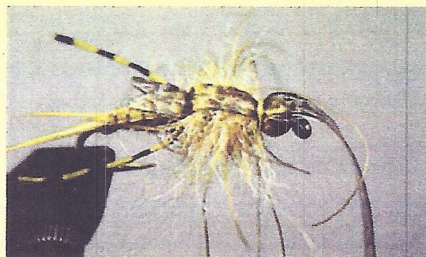
**Photo 5:**

1. Rubber legs are secured on each side curving towards the tail. Trimming each leg to be as long as the total length of the body.
2. Thin skin is cut to be the width of the body and secured to the top of the starting point of the thorax. Thin Skin is left to extend covering half of the abdomen trimmed with a "V".



**Photo 6:**

1. Thin skin tag is folded back and secured to be used as a wing case covering the thorax.
2. Dubbing is spun in a loop with sparse rubber dubbing to insure thorax is larger.

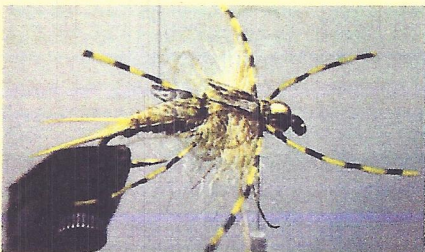


**Photo 7:**

1. Thorax is dubbed heavy with dubbing loop.
2. Thin skin is pulled over thorax and secured at bead.

**Photo 8:**

1. Legs are secured so that the middle legs curve backwards and the front legs curve forwards all trimmed to be as long as the total length as the body. Thin skin is pulled backwards to cover full length of thorax and trimmed in a "V".



**Photo 9:**

1. Biot is tied down for antenna extending forward to be 1/4 length of body.
2. Collar is dubbed sparse to cover thread.

Fly is finished

