



TYING A **BEAD-CHAIN** NYMPH

Hook: Standard nymph hook, sizes 8 to 12.

Thread: Light brown 6/0 or 8/0.

Eyes: Standard brass bead-chain eyes.

Tail: Brown hackle fibers.

Rib: Fine oval gold tinsel.

Abdomen: Fine-textured dark-brown dubbing.

Wing pad: Narrow

pearlescent Mylar tubing.

Thorax: Coarse dark-

brown dubbing.

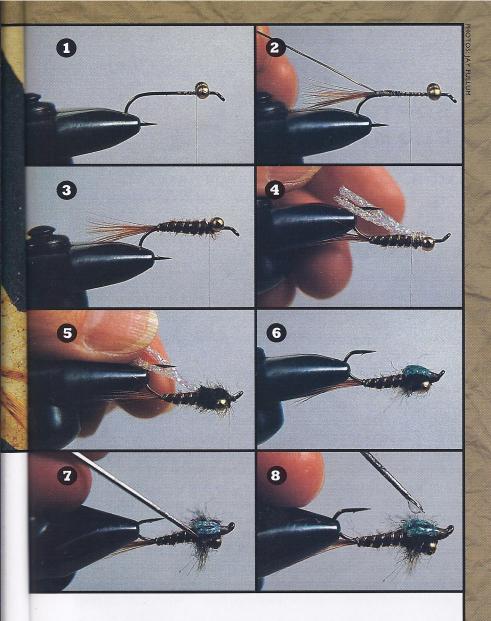
e had a good spring crappie-fishing season last year; so good, it fact, that I spent much of my spare time tying crappie flies to meet the demands of friends. I accumulated a large pile of wasted material while tying all those flies: bits of fur, feathers, and tinsel that had been clipped and tossed aside. I was about to sweep it all up when I decided to take a few minutes and experiment with the leftovers; perhaps I could put some of it to good use.

A nymph seemed a good place to start. I put a hook in the vise and tied a pair of bead-chain eyes on top of the shank. I added a tail of brown hackle fibers, tied in a piece of oval gold tinsel at the base of the tail, dubbed the abdomen, and then wrapped the tinsel forward to form a rib. Just as I started to tie in a section of turkey feather for the wing pad, I realized that I was making the fly upside down; the heavy bead-chain eyes would make it flip over like a Clouser Minnow.

I turned the fly over in the vise and attempted to tie in the turkey feather, but the hook point got in the way. I searched through the pile of junk and found a piece of narrow Mylar tubing, which I bent in half and tied in. Some coarse brown dubbing became the thorax. I pulled the tubing forward and completed the head of the fly. The Mylar tubing made a good-looking wing pad and added a little flash to the nymph.

Other than their beady eves and strange wing pads, the majority of Bead-Chain Nymphs look like traditional nymph patterns. Bead-Chain Nymphs do a better job of getting down into deep pools, and they rarely snag because their hooks ride with the points up. Since that first prototype made from spare flytying materials, I've made only one addition to these nymphs: I coat the tops of the wing pads with a little epoxy. A drop of epoxy produces an opal-like appearance in the Mylar wing pad which the trout seem to like.

Jay "Fishy" Fullum is a freelance writer, illustrator, and photographer. "Fishy" lives in New York.



- 1 Start the thread on the hook. Tie on a pair of bead-chain eyes, then wind back to the bend.
- Tie in a dozen brown hackle fibers. Attach a piece of narrow oval tinsel at the base of the tail.
- 3 Dub the abdomen. Wind the tinsel over the abdomen to form the rib. Tie off the rib and clip the excess.
- Flip the fly over. Remove the cotton core from a short piece of narrow pearlescent tubing. Bend the tubing in half and tie it in behind the eyes.
- Dub the thorax. Be sure to wrap some of the dubbing between the bead-chain eyes.
- Pull the tubing over the thorax to form the wing pad. Tie down the tubing and clip the excess. Complete the head and tie off.
- Make the legs by picking out some of the dubbing in the thorax.
- Place a drop of epoxy on the wing pad.